Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education
"Privolzhsky Research Medical University"

Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation

APPROVED Vice-Rector for Academic Affairs

E.S. Bogomolova

31 August 2021

WORKING PROGRAM

Name of the academic discipline: FUNDAMENTALS OF MEDICAL GENETICS

Specialty: 31.05.01 GENERAL MEDICINE

(code, name)

Qualification: GENERAL PRACTITIONER

Department: **BIOLOGY**

Mode of study: FULL-TIME

Labor intensity of the academic discipline: 36 academic hours

The working program has been developed in accordance with the Federal State Educational Standard for the specialty 31.05.01 GENERAL MEDICINE, approved by Order of the Ministry of Science and Higher Education of the Russian Federation No. 988 of August 12, 2020.

Developers of the working program:

Full name, academic degree, title, position.

Kalashnikov Ilya Nikolaevich, Head of the Biology Department PRMU, PhD Makhova Maria Alexandrovna, associate professor of the Department of Biology, PhD.

The program was reviewed and approved at the department meeting (protocol No. 8, August 17,

2021)

Head of the Department,

PhD of Biology, associate professor

(Kalashnikov I.N.)

August 17, 2021

(signature)

AGREED

Deputy Head of EMA ph.d. of biology

blology ____

Lovtsova L.V.

(signature)

August 17, 2021

- 1. The purpose and objectives of mastering the academic discipline MEDICAL GENETICS (hereinafter the discipline):
- 1.1. The purpose of mastering the discipline: (participation in forming the relevant competencies).
- UC-1. Able to carry out a critical analysis of problem situations based on a systematic approach, develop an action strategy
 - 1.3. Requirements to the deliverables of mastering the discipline

As a result of completing the discipline, the student should

Know:

- the main directions of modern genetics: genomics, proteomics, epigenetics, ethnogenomics, facmacogenomics, metagenomics, modern approaches to gene therapy.
- fundamentals of monogenic diseases and principles of their diagnosis using modern advances in genetics.
 - symptoms of common hereditary syndromes and the main approaches to their diagnosis.
 - mechanisms of genetic and epigenetic variability.
 - about mitochondrial diseases and diseases of genomic imprinting.
 - on the prevalence and significance of hereditary diseases.
- prognosis for life, work capacity and social adaptation in the main nosological forms of hereditary diseases.

Be able to:

- to implement ethical and deontological aspects of medical activity in dealing with patients suffering from hereditary diseases.
 - to build a pedigree in patients with signs of hereditary disease.

Possess:

- skills of molecular genetic research used to diagnose hereditary diseases.
- 2. Position of the academic discipline in the structure of the General Educational Program of Higher Education (GEP HE) of the organization.
- **2.1.** The discipline **MEDICAL GENETICS** refers to the core part (or *the part formed by the participants of educational relations*) of Block 1 of GEP HE (Academic discipline index).

The discipline is taught in 3 semester/2 year of study.

- 2.2. The following knowledge, skills and abilities formed by previous academic disciplines are required for mastering the discipline:
 - 1. biology,
 - 2. normal anatomy,
 - 3. histology with cytology and embryology,
 - 4. normal physiology.
- 2.3. Mastering the discipline is required for forming the following knowledge, skills and abilities for subsequent academic disciplines:
 - 1. microbiology,
 - 2. virology;
 - 3. immunology,
 - 4. epidemiology,
 - 5. medical ecology,
 - 6. general hygiene.

3. Deliverables of mastering the academic discipline and metrics of competence acquisition

Mastering the discipline aims at acquiring the following universal (UC) competencies

	The Code and As a result of mastering the discipline, the					
	_	The content of	Code and name of the		nastering the dis	scipline, the
№	Compete nce code	the competenc e (or its part)	competence acquisition metric	know	be able to	possess
1.	UC-1.	Able to	1.1 methods	- principles of	- analyze the	- skills in
		carry out a	of critical	analysis of the	information	analyzing
		critical	analysis and	elements of the	received,	scientific
		analysis of	evaluation	information	make an	literature and
		problem	of modern	received	independent	official
		situations	scientific	(identified	decision	statistical
		based on a	achievement	symptoms,	- compile	reviews,
		systematic	s; basic	syndromes,	pedigrees	preparing
		approach,	principles of	pathological	using	abstracts,
		develop an	critical	changes) as a	standard	reviews on
		action	analysis 1.2 gain new	result of examination of a	notation,	current and modern
		strategy	knowledge	patient with a	analyze pedigrees;	scientific
			based on	hereditary	- explain the	issues in the
			analysis,	disease;	causes and	field of
			synthesis,	• principles of	possible	hereditary
			etc.; collect	synthesis of the	mechanisms	pathology.
			data on	received	of the birth	- skills of
			complex	information	of children	screening-
			scientific	(identified	with	evaluation of
			problems	symptoms,	chromosom	the results of
			related to the	syndromes,	al diseases;	laboratory and
			professional	pathological	- methods	instrumental
			field; search	changes) for	of studying	research
			for	making a	human	methods and
			information	preliminary	heredity	identification
			and solutions	diagnosis	(cytogenetic	of those
			based on	- the main types of inheritance,	method, biochemical	changes that require
			action,	clinical symptoms	method,	referral of the
			experiment	and syndromes,	genealogical	patient to a
			and	the nature of the	method,	geneticist.
			experience	course and	twin	8
			1	outcomes of the	method; the	
				most common	principle of	
				hereditary	DNA	
				diseases	sequencing)	
				- prognosis for	- interpret	
				life, working	the most	
				capacity and	significant	
				social adaptation	changes in	
				in major	the results of	
				hereditary	laboratory	

diseases. and instrumental the main directions of research prevention of methods for hereditary the diseases. diagnosis of the hereditary main methods of diseases, laboratory and namely: general and instrumental diagnostics biochemical necessary for the blood tests. verification and cytogenetic formulation of the methods, diagnosis of the methods most common direct DNA hereditary diagnostics. diseases (genetic, apply biochemical, modern morphological information foundations of the technologies development obtain hereditary information pathology); concerning - indications for the diagnosis referral to various instrumental and and laboratory treatment of methods hereditary • - the main risk diseases factors for the identify development of hereditary diseases and their diseases correction to the main organize components of a work on the healthy lifestyle. formation of - principles of the motivation organization among programs for the population, diagnosis patients and their family hereditary diseases members forms and aimed at methods of preserving organization of and strengthenin hygienic education and their upbringing of the health and population. the health of others. the methodology of evaluate

		medical	and	the	
		genetic		importance	
		counseling		of lifestyle	
				for the	
				preservation	
				of human	
				health and	
				plan your	
				life	
				activities	
				based on	
				knowledge	
				about a	
				healthy	
				lifestyle	

4. Sections of the academic discipline and competencies that are formed when mastering them

		G .:	
№	Competen ce code	Section name of the discipline	The content of the section in teaching units
		1. Molecular genetics is the basis of medical genetics. Genetic passport. Epigenetics. Ethnogenomics.	Genomics. Proteomics. The human genome as the scientific basis of predictive medicine. Genetic passport. Genomic imprinting is an epigenetic system of gene regulation. Mitochondrial diseases. Genomics and genomic technologies. New projects for the study of the human genome. Genetic polymorphism. Ethnogenomics. Genomics and the creation of new drugs. The concept of drug metabolic safety. Pharmacogenetics. Genealogical method of human genetics research. Compilation of
pedigrees. Twin method: determination of kinship co coefficients for different pairs of relatives; determination Population-statistical method of research in medicing importance of studying the frequencies of genes and population to obtain information about the frequency of Biochemical method of human genetics research. Cytogenetic research methods in medical generation Multicolored FISH methods. Examples of application practice. Monogenic diseases. Types of inheritance. Classification of monogenic diseases. Metabolic diseases carbohydrate, lipid, purine, porphyrin metabolism.	Cytogenetic research methods in medical genetics. Standard karyotyping. Fluorescent in situ hybridization (FISH method). Multicolored FISH methods. Examples of application in clinical practice. Monogenic diseases. Types of inheritance. Classification of monogenic diseases. Metabolic diseases: amino acid, carbohydrate, lipid, purine, porphyrin metabolism. Chromosomal aberrations. Classification. The most common pathology:		
		3. Congenital diseases and malformations.	Down syndrome, Shereshevsky-Turner, Klinefelter. Congenital diseases and malformations. Defects in monogenic and chromosomal diseases. Defects caused by endocrine, hormonal and metabolic disorders of the mother. Vices of exogenous origin. Multifactorial defects. The role of physical, chemical and biological factors in the origin of congenital developmental disorders.
		4. Methods of diagnosis of	Methods of DNA diagnostics. Use in clinical practice. • analysis of restriction fragment length polymorphism

hereditary human	analysis of polymorphism of mini- and microsatellite sequences
pathologies and	• polymerase chain reaction
medical and genetic	• analysis of conformational polymorphism of single-stranded DNA
counseling.	• DNA sequencing methods (dideoxy-Sanger method, fluorochromic
	staining, chemical cleavage)
	hybridization of nucleic acids with allele-specific probes.
	Applied aspects of the application of methods of molecular genetics and
	DNA diagnostics in clinical medicine.
	The method of DNA comets in the assessment of the genotoxic effect of
	environmental factors.
	Tasks of medical and genetic counseling and indications for referral of
	patients and their families to medical and genetic counseling. Methods
	of medical and genetic counseling.
	The main clinical-genetic and research methods.

5. Volume of the academic discipline and types of academic work

Type of educational work	Labor is	ntensity	Labor intensity (AH) in semesters	
	volume in credit units (CU)	volume in academic hours (AH)		
Classroom work, including	0,67	24		
Lectures (L)	0,17	6	6	
Laboratory practicum (LP)*	-	-	-	
Practicals (P)	0,5	18	18	
Seminars (S)	-	-	-	
Student's individual work (SIW)	0,33	12	12	
Mid-term assessment	-	-	-	
credit/exam (specify the type)	-	-	-	
TOTAL LABOR INTENSITY	1	36	36	

6. Content of the academic discipline

6.1. Sections of the discipline and types of academic work

No	Name of the section of the		Тур	es of academ	nic work* (in AH)	
	academic discipline	L	LP	P	S	SIW	total
1	Molecular genetics is the basis of medical genetics. Genetic passport. Epigenetics. Ethnogenomics.	6				3	9
2	Methods of studying human genetics. Monogenic, chromosomal and genomic diseases.			7		3	10
3	Congenital diseases and malformations.			4		3	7
4	Methods of diagnosis of hereditary human pathologies and medical and genetic counseling.			7		3	10
	TOTAL	6		18		12	36

^{* -} L - lectures; LP - laboratory practicum; P - practicals; S - seminars; SIW - student's individual work.

6.2. Thematic schedule of educational work types:

6.2.1 Thematic schedule of lectures

No	Name of lecture topics	Volume in AH
		4 semester
1	Introduction to medical genetics.	2
	Differentiation of medical genetics. The human genome as the scientific	
	basis of predictive medicine. Genetic passport.	
2	Genomics. Proteomics. Genetic polymorphism. Ethnogenomics. Genomics	2
	and the creation of new drugs. The concept of drug metabolic safety.	
	Pharmacogenetics.	
3	Epigenetics and human diseases. Epigenetic determinants in malignant	2
	neoplasms. Genomic imprinting is an epigenetic system of gene regulation.	
	TOTAL (total - AH)	6

6.2.2. The thematic plan of laboratory practicums (if this type of classes is stipulated in the curriculum)

The curriculum does not provide.

6.2.3. Thematic plan of practicals

№	Name of laboratory practicums	Volume in AH
		4 semester
1.	Methods of studying human genetics. The main clinical-genetic and research methods. Genealogical method of human genetics research. Compilation of pedigrees. Twin method: determination of kinship coefficient; kinship coefficients for different pairs of relatives; determination of concordance Population-statistical method of research in medical genetics. The importance of studying the frequencies of genes and genotypes in a population to obtain information about the frequency of heterozygosity Biochemical method of human genetics research.	3
2.	Chromosomal analysis. Cytogenetic research methods in medical genetics. Standard karyotyping. Fluorescent in situ hybridization (FISH method). Multicolored FISH methods. Examples of application in clinical practice. Spectral karyotyping (Spectral Karyotyping = SKY). Monogenic diseases. Types of inheritance. Classification of monogenic diseases. Metabolic diseases: amino acid, carbohydrate, lipid, purine, porphyrin metabolism. Chromosomal aberrations. Classification. The most common pathology: Down syndrome, Shereshevsky-Turner, Klinefelter.	4
3.	Congenital diseases and malformations. Defects in monogenic and chromosomal diseases. Defects caused by endocrine, hormonal and metabolic disorders of the mother. Vices of exogenous origin. Multifactorial defects. The role of physical, chemical and biological factors in the origin of congenital developmental disorders. Agenesis. Aplasia. Atresia and stenosis. Absence of separate parts of the organ. Congenital hypoplasia. Congenital hypertrophy. Heteroplasia. Heterotopia. Ectopia. Dysgraphy or agraphy. Dyschromia. Macrosomy is the non-separation of organs or monozygotic twins. Persistence. Doubling of the organ. Additional organs. Small developmental anomalies.	4
4.	Methods of DNA diagnostics. Use in clinical practice. • analysis of restriction fragment length polymorphism • analysis of polymorphism of mini- and microsatellite sequences	3

	 polymerase chain reaction analysis of conformational polymorphism of single-stranded DNA DNA sequencing methods (dideoxy-Sanger method, fluorochromic staining, chemical cleavage) hybridization of nucleic acids with allele-specific probes Full genome sequencing (WGS) technology Applied aspects of the application of methods of molecular genetics and DNA diagnostics in clinical medicine. 	
5.	Medical and genetic counseling as a type of specialized medical care for the population. Tasks of medical and genetic counseling and indications for referral of patients and their families to medical and genetic counseling. Methods of medical and genetic counseling. Family screening of hereditary pathology. Pre-symptomatic diagnosis (Huntington's disease, breast cancer, colon cancer)	4
	TOTAL (total - AH)	18

6.2.4. Thematic plan of seminars (*if this type of classes is stipulated in the curriculum*) The curriculum does not provide.

6.2.5. Types and topics of student's individual work (SIW)

No	Types and topics of SIW	Volume in AH
		4 semester
	 work with lecture material, providing for the study of lecture notes and educational literature; 	2
	– completing homework for the lesson;	2
	 doing homework (problem solving, on-line testing); 	2
	 study of the material submitted for independent study (separate topics); 	2
	– preparation for the test	4
	TOTAL (total - AH)	12

7. Types of assessment formats for ongoing monitoring and mid-term assessment

					Asse	essment form	ats
№	Se me ster No.	Types of control	Name of section of academic discipline	Compete nce codes	types	number of test questions	number of test task options
1.	4	Control of mastering the topic and monitoring the student's individual work	Molecular genetics is the basis of medical genetics. Genetic passport. Epigenetics. Ethnogenomic s.	UC-1	On-line tests	-	30
2.	4	Control of mastering the topic and monitoring the student's individual work	Methods of studying human genetics. Monogenic,	UC-1	On-line tests Case-task Multi -level tasks	32	50

			chromosomal and genomic diseases.		and tasks		
3.	4	Control of mastering the topic and monitoring the student's individual work	Congenital diseases and malformations	UC-1	On-line tests Multi -level tasks and tasks	2	50
4.	4	Control of mastering the topic and monitoring the student's individual work	Medical and genetic counseling as a type of specialized medical care for the population	UC-1	On-line tests Case-task Multi -level tasks and tasks	- 1 2	50
	4	Exam/ Credit	All sections discipline	of the	Case-tasks	30	-
5.					Tasks	30	-
					On-line tests	-	300

8. Educational, methodological and informational support for mastering the academic discipline (printed, electronic publications, the Internet and other network resources)

8.1. Key literature references

№	Name according to bibliographic requirements	Number of copies	
		at the department	in the library
1.	Medical genetics / M. J. Bamshad, J. C. Carey, L. B. Jorde, R. L. White; Jorde L. B.; Carey J. C.; Bamshad M. J.; White R. L. – 3rd ed. – St. Louis: Mosby, 2006. – 363 с.: ил. мяг. – ISBN 978-0-323-04035-8.	-	49
2.	Connor, J. M. Essential medical genetics / J. M. Connor, M. A. Ferguson-Smith; Connor, J. M.; Ferguson-Smith, M. A. – 5th ed. – S.I.: Blackwell Science, 1998. – X, 236 p.: ill. – ISBN 9780865426665.	-	1

8.2. Further reading

No	Name according to bibliographic requirements	Number of copies			
		at the department	in the library		
1	Бекиш, В. Я.	-	1		
	Medical biology and general genetics: educational				
	and methodical manual for foreign students of	and methodical manual for foreign students of			
	institutions of higher education in the specialty				
	"dentistry" / V. Ya. Bekish, V. V. Bekish; V. Ya.				
	Bekish, V. V. Bekish. – Vitebsk: VSMU, 2021. – 274				
	p. – ISBN 9789855800591.				
2	Gelehrter, T. D.	-	4		
	Principles of medical genetics / T. D. Gelehrter, F. S.				
	Collins, D. Ginsburg; Gelehrter Thomas D.; Collins,				

Francis S.; Ginsburg David. – 2nd ed. – WILLIAMS & WILKINS, 1998. – 410 c. – ISBN 0-683-03445-6.	
	 ·

8.3. Electronic educational resources for teaching academic subjects

8.3.1. Internal Electronic Library System of the University (IELSU)

№	Name of the electronic resource	Brief description (content)	Access conditions	Number of users	
	Internal Electronic Library System (EBS) of PIMU	The works of the staff of the ADMU (textbooks, manuals, collections of	individual login	Not limited	
		tasks, manuals, laboratory work, monographs, etc.)	any computer and mobile device		

8.3.2. Electronic educational resources acquired by the University and Open access resources http://nbk.pimunn.net/MegaPro/Web

9. Material and technical support for mastering an academic discipline

- 9.1. List of premises for classroom activities for the discipline
- 1. Study rooms equipped with computers with Internet access, cabinets for storing microscopic equipment, cabinets for storing micro- and macro-preparations, study tables, laboratory equipment and equipment.
 - 2. Lecture hall.
 - 9.2. List of equipment for classroom activities for the discipline
- 1. Technical equipment: multimedia complexes (PC or laptop, projector, screen, presenters), interactive whiteboard.

Sets of slides, tables, diagrams, multimedia visual materials on various sections of the discipline. Micro- and macro-preparations, dummies. Situational tasks, test tasks on the studied topics,

- computer presentations on all topics of lecture and practical courses,
- educational videos by sections: cytogenetics, medical genetics, methods of DNA analysis.

9.3. A set of licensed and freely distributed software, including domestic production

Ite m no.	Software	number of licenses	Type of software	Manufacture r	Number in the unified register of Russian software	Contract No. and date
1	Wtware	100	Thin Client Operating System	Kovalev Andrey Alexandrovic h	1960	2471/05-18 from 28.05.2018
2	MyOffice is Standard. A corporate user license for educational organizations, with no expiration date, with the right to receive updates for 1 year.	220	Office Application	LLC "NEW CLOUD TECHNOLO GIES"	283	without limitation, with the right to receive updates for 1 year.
3	LibreOffice		Office Application	The Document	Freely distributed	

				Foundation	software	
4	Windows 10 Education	700	Operating systems	Microsoft	Azure Dev Tools for Teaching Subscriptio n	
5	Yandex. Browser		Browser	«Yandex»	3722	
6	Subscription to MS Office Pro for 170 PCs for FGBOU VO "PIMU" of the Ministry of Health of Russia	170	Office Application	Microsoft		23618/HN100 30 LLC "Softline Trade" from 04.12.2020

10. List of changes to the working program (to be filled out by the template)

Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education
"Privolzhsky Research Medical University"

Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation
(FSBEI HE "PRMU" of the Ministry of Health of Russia)

Department of *Name of the department*

CHANGE REGISTRATION SHEET

working program for the academic discipline *NAME OF THE ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE*

Field of s	study / specialty / scien	ntific specialty:							
m · ·	C*1	(code, nan	ne)						
Training	profile:(name								
Mode of	study:								
Wiode of		full-time/mixed attenda	nce mode/extramura	al .					
Position	Number and name of the program section	Contents of the	changes made	Effective date of the changes	Contributor's signature				
1									
Approved at the department meeting Protocol Noof20									
Head of t	he Department		/						
departm	ent name, academic title		signature	print name					